

This PDF guide will get you counting in Spanish from "cero" all the way to "cien" in 4 easy steps. "Cien" is how you say 100 in Spanish by the way.

All you need to do is learn how to count from 0 to 15.

From 16 onwards, you will find that numbers follow a pattern that even a caveman can understand.

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So, let's begin.

### Part 1: Spanish Numbers from 0 to 10

It is very important that you master the numbers from 0 to 10. This will lay a solid foundation if you want to count from 16 onwards.

Number	Spanish	Pronunciation
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0	Cero	SEH-ROH / Castilian Spanish: THEH-ROH (like the TH in
1	Uno	OOH-NOH
2	Dos	DOHS
3	Tres	TREHS
4	Cuatro	KWAH-TROH
5	Cinco	SEEN-KOH / Castilian Spanish: THEEN-KOH (like the TH in
6	Seis	SEH-EEHS
7	Siete	SYEH-TEH
8	Ocho	ОН-СНОН
9	Nueve	NWEH-VEH
10	Diez	DYEHS / Castilian Spanish: DYETH (like the TH in Thunder)

One of the main differences between Castilian and Latin American Spanish is the pronunciation of:

- the letter "z"
- the letter "c" when it is in front of an "e" or "i"

In Latin American Spanish they are both pronounced like a regular "s." However, in Castilian Spanish, the sound is similar to the "th" in "thunder." From now on, we will use an asterisk to indicate how the number is pronounced in Castilian Spanish and we will use the "TH" to indicate it sounds like the "th" in "thunder."

## Part 2: Numbers from 11 to 19

#### A) Numbers from 11 to 15

So now we only need to learn five more numbers before we can see how Spanish numbers follow a general pattern. These are:

Number	Spanish Number	Pronunciation
11	Once	OHN-SEH / *OHN-THEH
12	Doce	DOH-SEH / *DOH-THEH
13	Trece	TREH-SEH / *TREH-THEH
14	Catorce	KAH-TOHR-SEH / *KAH-TOHR- THEH

15 Quince	KEEN-SEH / *KEEN-THEH
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#### B) Numbers from 16 to 19

The numbers from 16 to 19 are formed by following the pattern:

### • **DIECI + NUMBER** (6-9)

Number	Spanish Number	Pronunciation
16	Dieciséis	DYEH-SEE-SEH- EEHS / * DYEH- THEE-SEH-EEHS
17	Diecisiete	DYEH-SEE- SYEH-TEH / * DYEH-THEE- SYEH-TEH
18	Dieciocho	DYEH-SEE-OH- CHOH / * DYEH- THEE-OH-CHOH
19	Diecinueve	DYEH-SEE- NWEH-VEH / * DYEH-THEE- NWEH-VEH

### PART 3: Numbers from 20 to 29

#### • VEINTI + NUMBER

Number	Spanish Number	Pronunciation
20	Veinte	VAIN-TEH
21	Veintiuno	VAIN-TEE-OOH- NOH
22	Veintidós	VAIN-TEE-DOHS
23	Veintitrés	VAIN-TEE-TREHS
24	Veinticuatro	VAIN-TEE- KWAH-TROH
25	Veinticinco	VAIN-TEE-SEEN- KOH
26	Veintiséis	VAIN-TEE-SEH- EEHS

<sup>&</sup>quot;**Veinte**" means 20 in Spanish. You will need this to count from 21 to 29. We will simply swap the "E" for an "I:"

27	Veintisiete	VAIN-TEE-SYEH- TEH
28	Veintiocho	VAIN-TEE-OH- CHOH
29	Veintinueve	VAIN-TEE- NWEH-VEH

### Part 4: Numbers from 30 to 100

Now things get even easier. All you need to do is learn the multiples of ten and then you'll be able to easily form any number you want. So let's take a look at the tens first:

Number	Spanish Number	Pronunciation
30	Treinta	TRAIN-TAH
40	Cuarenta	KWAH-REHN- TAH
50	Cincuenta	SEEN-KWEHN- TAH / *THEEN- KWEHN-TAH
60	Sesenta	SEH-SEHN-TAH
70	Setenta	SEH-TEHN-TAH
80	Ochenta	OH-CHEN-TAH
90	Noventa	NOH-VEHN-TAH
100	Cien	SEE-EHN / *THEE-EHN

So let's say, you want to say 34 in Spanish. You would say "thirty and four." And if you want to say 87, you would say "eighty and seven." Yes, it's that simple.

It's important to note that from 31 onwards, the numbers are not bound together anymore. They will no longer be written in a single word.

The basic construction is:

### • **MULTIPLE OF TEN** (30-90) + **Y** (AND) + **NUMBER** (1-9)

Number	Spanish Number	Pronunciation
3	1 Treinta y uno	TRAIN-TAH EEH OOH-NOH
3	2 Treinta y dos	TRAIN-TAH EEH DOHS
3	3 Treinta y tres	TRAIN-TAH EEH TREHS

34	Treinta y cuatro	TRAIN-TAH EEH KWAH-TROH
35	Treinta y cinco	TRAIN-TAH EEH SEEN-KOH
36	Treinta y seis	TRAIN-TAH EEH SEH-EEHS
37	Treinta y siete	TRAIN-TAH EEH SYEH-TEH
38	Treinta y ocho	TRAIN-TAH EEH OH-CHOH
39	Treinta y nueve	TRAIN-TAH EEH NWEH-VEH

Now let's look at, say, the 90's. This is just for you to truly see that from 31 onwards, numbers are constructed in the exact same way.

Number	Spanish Number	Pronunciation
91	Noventa y uno	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH OOH-NOH
92	Noventa y dos	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH DOHS
93	Noventa y tres	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH TREHS
94	Noventa y cuatro	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH KWAH- TROH
95	Noventa y cinco	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH SEEN-KOH
96	Noventa y seis	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH SEH-EEHS
97	Noventa y siete	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH SYEH-TEH
98	Noventa y ocho	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH OH-CHOH
99	Noventa y nueve	NOH-VEHN-TAH EEH NWEH-VEH

# **Part 5: Examples**

Let's take a look at a few examples of numbers from 31 to 99 to make sure that you now know how to count in Spanish:

- 47 Cuarenta y siete
- 25 Veinticinco
- 59 Cincuenta y nueve
- 81 Ochenta y uno
- 64 Sesenta y cuatro
- 78 Setenta y ocho

You need numbers for countless situations in your everyday life. Let's take a look at some examples where you will find yourself needing the Spanish numbers:

- Tengo 25 años. = I am 25 years old.
- El libro cuesta \$10. = The book costs \$10.
- 14 de febrero = February 14
- Tengo 2 perros. = I have 2 dogs.
- Las diez y treinta AM = 10:30 AM

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